## BREXIT [SA-UK trade relations]

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## SA trade with UK

- UK not the largest SA trade partner BUT a significant partner. In 2015, UK was ranked SA's 5<sup>th</sup> largest export partner in the world and ranked 2<sup>nd</sup> largest export partner in the EU after Germany.
- UK was ranked SA's 8<sup>th</sup> largest source of imports in the world but the 2<sup>nd</sup> source of SA imports from the EU region.
- UK accounts for 3.65% of South Africa's total trade and 4.12% of SA's total exports
- UK which accounts for 20% of SA's exports into the EU.
- SA's agricultural products into the UK (include pears, oranges, avocados, lemons, fresh grapes, plums, mandarins, fresh apples and peaches) accounts for 25% of SA's agriculture exports into the EU market.



### **Brexit**

- At the moment: no negotiations taking place (UK and the EU).
- UK to formally notify its withdrawal from the EU as provided for by Article 50 of the EU (Lisbon) Treaty.
- Anticipated that the exit will take 2 years after formal notice has been given to the EU.
- Until the end of that 2 year period, the Common International Trade Policy (CITP) of the EU would continue to apply to SA's exports to the UK.
- UK's top priority post exit will be negotiations with the EU on trade, but currently its not clear what kind of deal on trade the UK will seek from the EU.



#### Brexit cont

- UK will consider negotiations with non-EU countries once a framework has been developed with the EU.
- UK's preferential trade agreements will elapse.
- The loss of UK preferential access (to SA market) would disadvantage UK vis-à-vis EU 27 exporters.
- UK will have to apply MFN rates for trade: UK trading partners (SA included) will be faced with substantial tariffs as a result of MFN duties.
- Openness to trade has always been favoured by UK (within the EU) and it is anticipated that the status will remain post Brexit.



#### What the future holds?? SA-UK trade relations

- Unfortunately, no one knows what will happen when the UK triggers
   Article 50 and begins to negotiate its exit from the EU.
- Scope for "EPA plus" arrangement with the UK. SA would consider negotiating additional market access for some agricultural products with UK using the SADC-EU EPA as the base. To ensure that no UK exporter is disadvantaged in respect to exporters from the 27 EU member states.
- If UK joins the European Free Trade Association (EFTA); SA/SACU shall conclude an agreement on basic agricultural products, as negotiated on case-by-case basis (no common agricultural policy within EFTA).



# Conclusion

- While Britain's future in Europe remains unclear; *thedti* is currently engaging the British HC on possible approaches to consider post Brexit.
- *thedti's* priority at the moment is to position South Africa as the preferred market by UK once Brexit is finalized.
- Early action to ensure that the movement of goods continue unhindered. There is a need to negotiate a trade agreement with the UK that will build on the EPA in order to limit disruption in SA's market access into the UK.
- **thedti** will continue to lobby and secure UK government acceptance as the most preferred trading partner in preparation for the potential bilateral negotiations with the UK.







