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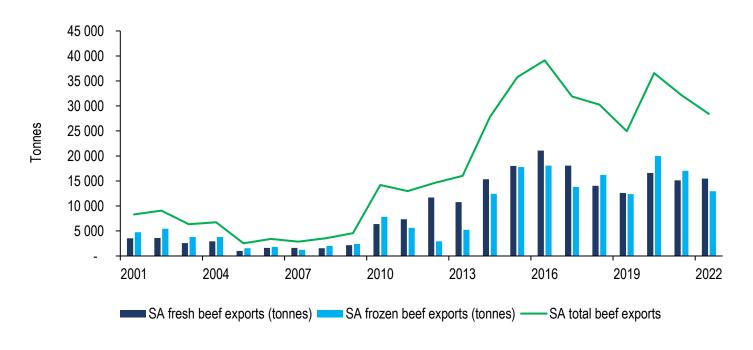
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The re-opening of beef export markets is positive for South Africa

- One positive development in South Africa's agriculture this past week was the re-opening of the
 Chinese beef market and the firm establishment of beef access to the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The
 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia has not featured prominently in South Africa's beef export markets in the
 past, with only small volumes last exported in the early 2000s. The renewed access to this market is
 critical to South Africa's ambition to expand beef exports, as the Saudi beef market is sizable at over
 US\$647 million in 2021, according to data from Trade Map.
- About 62% of the Saudi beef imports were frozen beef, while 38% were chilled or fresh beef imports.
 Some leading suppliers to Saudi Arabia include Brazil, Australia, Pakistan, The US, New Zealand, and Canada. Beyond beef, the Saudi meat market is large, with all meat imports valued, on average, at US\$1,9 billion annually over the past five years. This means, over time, as South Africa increases its production in other meat value chains, Saudi Arabia could remain a strategic country for growing exports.
- Regarding China, the country has an established trade relationship with South Africa. Over the past six years, China has been the leading importer of South Africa's frozen beef cuts in value terms.
 Therefore, easing import restrictions that were put in place following an outbreak of the foot-and-mouth disease is a welcome development, as that could lead to an increase in exports.
- These positive developments provide some relief when the South African beef industry has faced a challenging operational environment for several reasons. One of the significant challenges was the rise in feed prices since 2020, especially for maize and soybeans. The rise in animal feed prices coincided with a worsening financial strain on consumers due to the Covid-19 pandemic's damaging effects. Thus, we saw a decline in the demand for red meat products as consumers opted for relatively cheaper forms of protein. Moreover, the spread of foot-and-mouth disease (FMD) to six of South Africa's nine provinces for the first time in history was another challenge for the industry. This brought temporary bans in specific export markets, extending to auctions and livestock movement, mainly cattle, for some time in 2022.
- Fortunately, the feed prices have now softened somewhat, with both maize and soybean prices, on average, down 13% y/y. This is in response to large domestic maize and soybean harvests and the easing of global grain prices (irrespective of lingering worries about the Black Sea Grain Deal). Therefore, the resumption of exports to China and the opening of export opportunities to the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia adds to this improving operational environment going forward.

- Despite the foot-and-mouth disease challenge, South African beef exports did not collapse. Some markets remained open, although with strict controls. This is evident in South Africa's beef exports for 2022, which amounted to 28 422 tonnes (albeit down 12% from 2021), according to data from Trade Map. This is only mildly below the ten-year average. Fresh beef accounted for 54% of overall exports, while the balance was frozen beef. Within this total figure, a significant decline was recorded in frozen beef exports, which were 12 945 tonnes in 2022, down 24% year-on-year. Meanwhile, fresh beef exports increased by 2% year-on-year to 15 477 tonnes.
- The key markets for South Africa's fresh beef were Kuwait (with a market share of 22%), Jordan (16%), Mozambique (13%), United Arab Emirates (12%), Qatar (9%), Netherlands (4%), Lesotho (3%), Canada (3%), Zimbabwe (3%), Mauritius (3%), and Eswatini (2%). These markets accounted for 90% of South Africa's fresh beef exports in 2022.
- In the case of frozen beef exports, the top export markets for South Africa were Lesotho (16%), China (14%), Nigeria (14%), United Arab Emirates (9%), Mozambique (7%), Kuwait (6%), Egypt (5%), Qatar (4%), United Kingdom (3%), Netherlands (3%), and Jordan (2%). These markets accounted for 82% of South Africa's frozen beef exports 2022.
- Overall, the broadening of South Africa's beef export markets is a welcome development and shows
 the possibilities the country could achieve through collaboration and aligned interests between the
 government and private sector. These efforts of opening key markets such as the Kingdom of Saudi
 Arabia should extend to other commodities, mainly fruits and wine, that are eager to expand the
 export markets while retaining the existing markets in the EU, African continent, and Asia and the
 Americas, amongst other regions. Organized agriculture, agribusinesses and government share this
 ambition and should continue collaborating to find new growth opportunities.

Exhibit I: South Africa's beef exports



Source: Trade Map and Agbiz Research